Werk

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the Sandwich Range on the S. (a distance of 30 M.). and from the Maine frontier on the E. to the valley of the Connecticut on the W. (45 M.). The higher mountains rise from a plateau about 1500-1600 ft. above the sea, and attain an extreme elevation of 5-6000 ft. They are roughly divided into two main groups, the White Mts. proper to the E. and the Franconia Mts. to the W., but with numerous subordinate groups. In the original and narrowest sense the name of White Mts. is restricted to the Great or Presidential Range, extending for about 13 M. from Mt. Madison on the N.E. to Mt. Webster on the S.W. The summits of this range culminate in Mt. Washington (6293 ft.), the highest point to the E. of the Rockies and to the N. of N. Carolina. The great mass of the White Mts. consists of granite, overlaid by mica slate. The scenery of the White Mts. is of a very beautiful and varied nature ; and though few of the summits are sharp enough to deserve the name of peaks, many of them (such as Mt. Washington and Mt. Lafavette) are of very noble outline. They are now visited annually by many thousands of summer-guests, and all the chief points are of easy access. The first white visitor is said to have been Darby Field, in 1642.

The following account notices the chief tourist centres.

a. North Conway.

North Conway (520 ft.; *Kearsarge Ho., $$2^{1/2}-4$; Sunset Pavilion, $$3-3^{1/2}$; McMillan; numerous boarding-houses), charmingly situated on a low terrace above the 'intervales' of the winding Saco River (pron. 'Sawco'), is a favourite resort with those who like to combine the softer beauties of the valley with excursions into the mountains. To the W. rises Moat Mt., to the E. the Green Hills, and to the N.E. Mt. Kearsarge and Hurricane Mt, while to the N. and N.W. more distant views are obtained of Mt. Washington and other lofty summits. About $1^{1/2}M$ to the N. lies the pretty and sequestered little hanlet of Intervale (550 ft; *Intervale Ho., $$2^{1/2}-4$; Bellerue, $$2^{1/2}$: Clarendon, \$2; stat, p. 123); and near the foot of Mt. Kearsarge (p. 137), 1 M. to the N.W., is Kearsarge Village (The Ridge, $$3^{1/2}$).

To be not have any other process, 2-21/2 M. From the Karasarps Ho. we follow the road to the N to (7 min, 1) the Samet Pareline, take the road to the left here (which soon passes below the railway), and cross the (7 min) Saco by a covered bridge. A few hourded passes farther on we cross a branch of the river. About 8 min, farther on, at another brook, the road to forks, the left branch leading to Echo Lake, (20 cf. 1), a third lake, finely in a straight direction. S min. "Each Lake (20 cf. 1), a tiny lake, finely situated at the base of a bold rocky blift which has been prominent during most of our walk." This is the White Hore Ladge (so called from a patch of white rock), one of a series of so-called Ladges (100-900 ft.) a third lake, the right we reach (7 min) a path leading through wood to the left, which allimately crosses a fence and reaches (8 min.) a road. We follow the road in the same direction past a patch (30 min.) a staft leading through wood to the left, which will same direction pass a pareline roads in the road in the same direction past a parely, just be road wood to the left, which will be road to the lake towards the N and disregarding roads leading back to the right, we

hut and the Dewis Dem, under an overhanging slab of rock. We now return to the point whence we emerged from the forest-path, and follow the road to the left. At (6 min.) the highroad (white farm-house) we turn to the right. 10 min. Bridge, where we diverged to the left for Ecbto Lack (see p 1:60). (By turning to the left on regaining the highroad and following if or $\frac{3}{4}$, M., we reach a sign-board pointing to Diama's Baths.) To Aurust's Falls, $\frac{1}{4}$, M. We proceed to the S. from the Kearsarge Ho., past the Maine Central R. B. Station, to (10 min) the bridge over

To Arrisr's FALLS, 4^{i}_{1} M. We proceed to the S. from the Kearsarge Ho., past the Maine Central R. R. Station, to (10 min) the bridge over Arvist's Brook; then turn to the left and follow the road, crossing another bridge, to (12 min) the Broth Concess ficely lastitude (formerly Arvists Falts Hold) A path to the right leads to (5 min.) the Forset filen Mineral Spring (alkaline). To reach the falls we take the right branch of the fork opposite the spring, and in 5-6 min. more reach their side. The Artists Falts are small, but pretty in we weather

*ASCENT OF MT. KEARSARGE (5-6 hrs there and back). Going N. from the Kearsarge Ho., we take the (3 min.) second turning to the right (sign post 'to Kearsarge Village'), cross the railway, and (5 min.) turn to the left. This road leads through Kearsarge Village (see above) to (11/4 M) a small church, where we turn to the right. 1/3 M. Farm House (carr. to must caurca, where we turn to the right '12 m. rarm House (carr. to this point, 50c. a head; horse hence to the top 52; guide, uncessary, 52; ascent hence in 14/a2/4 hrs.). The path, which is steep and stony at first, comparatively easy in the middle, and steep towards the top, hegins behind the farm-house, crosses helds, and enters (8 min), the wood. 20 min. Path leading back to the right to Prospec Ledge (View of Saco Valley, Moat Mt., etc.) About 10 min. farther up we pass a small spring (to the right). In 10 min. we emerge from the wood and reach the rocky ledges, and soon see a small cairn a little to our right. It is not easy to give directions from this point, but by noting the worn part of the rocks and keeping a look-out for the cairns, we reach the top in about 1 hr. more. At hrst we keep to the right and then swing round to the left to more. At his we keep to the right and then swing round to the to be approach the summit from the W. The noble "View from the pyramidal **M.** Kearaarge, *Kiaraarge, or Pequates* (3210 ft.; rint, but at the top) includes the Saco Valley to the S, and W.; M. Chocorva and the bare Includes us cace valley to use 5, and w, and w, and the distance, Mt. Index of Moal Mt. to the S.W.; Moosilawke (p. 132; in the distance), Mt. Hancock, Mt. Carrigain, and Mt. Lafayette, to the W. and W.N.W.; and most of the main summits of the White Mis, including a grand view of Mt. Washington, to the N.W., and the Wild-Cat and Carter Mts., with the Carter Notch between, to the N.; several lakes and ponda, including Lake Sebago, to the E. and S.E. The other Mt Kearsarge (p. 130), 60 M. off, is seen to the left of Chocorea. The descent may be made to Bartlett (p. 123). In descending to N. Conway a little care is necessary to follow the route over the ledges. In the wood we keep mainly to the right, as nearly as possible straight down the incline.

Most Mountain (N. peak, 3155 ft.; 'View) may be ascended in 3-4 hrs ; from North Convary by a path (sign-points and eairn-) beginning near (3 M) *hana a Batha* (see above) — Middle Mt. (1850 ft.), another good point of view, is ascended in 1 hr. by a path beginning near the Forest Glen Mineral Spring (see above). The adjoining *Peaked Mt*. (I hr.) and Sunset HU (855 ft.), a 'cub' of Hurricane Mt., are also easily ascended.

Among the favourite Datyss from N. Conway are those Around the Square (6 M), the Dundee Drive (12 M), and to Jackson Falls (9 M); see below). The distance through the While Mountain NoteA (p. 139) to the Crawford Brosse (p. 139) is 26 M.

COACHES run regularly from N. Conway to (9 M.) Jackson (see below), passing (5 M.) Glen Station (p. 123).

b. Jackson and the Peabody Glen.

Jackson (760 ft.; *Wentworth Hall, with annex-cottages, \$4-5; *Gray's Inn, \$2-3; Jackson Falls Ho., $\$21_{2}-3$; Iron Mt. Ho., Glen Ellis Ho., $\$21_{2}$; Eagle Mt. Ho., \$2-3; boarding-houses) is overshadowed by Iron Mt. (2726 ft.) and Thorn Mt. The *Jackson