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Niedersächsische Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Göttingen Georg-August-Universität Göttingen Platz der Göttinger Sieben 1 37073 Göttingen Germany Email: gdz@sub.uni-goettingen.de the S, is the Peabody valley, with Mts. Moriah and Carter to the left; to the N.E., Mt. Hayes; to the N.W., the Pilot Mts. The peaks of the Presidential Range (see p. 136) are concealed by Pine Mt. (2440 ft.), which rises in the S.W. foreground, but they are well seen from adjacent points. Numerous delightful excursions can be made in the neighbourhood (see below).

A good point of view in the immediate vicinity is the Lary Farm (?/4 M. to the N.). — Perhaps the best of the shorter walks is that to the top of Mt. Hayes (2600 ft.), 2 M. to the N.E. The easy and well marked path begins at the N. end of the suspension-bridge over the Androscoggin and ascends directly, through wood, to (11/2 M.) the ridge and (1/2 M.) the summit. The 'View includes (from left to right) Mt. Moriah, Imp Mt. and Carter Mt. to the S.; the valley of the Peabody (Pinkham Notch), a little to the right; to the S.W., Mt. Washington, the low Pine Mt. (in the foreground), Mt. Madison, and Mt. Adams; to the W. Cherry Mt., Owl's Head, and (more to the right) Randolph Mt. and Mt. Starr King; to the N.W., the Pilot Mts., Deer Mt., and the twin Percy Peaks. Some authorities consider this the best view of Mt. Washington.

Mt. Surprise (2:30 ft.), a spur of Mt. Moriah, to the S.E. of Gorham, may be ascended in 2 hrs. by a path through wood (boy to show its beginning desirable), and commands a fine "View of the Presidential Range. - A seldom-used path (guide necessary) leads hence to the (2-3 hrs)

top of Mt. Moriah (4065 ft.; 'View).

Randolph Hill (1700 ft.; Randolph Hill Ho.), 5 M. to the W of Gorham, is reached by a good road, affording fine views of the Presidential Range Mountain waggons run from Gorham in connection with the train via the Glen House site (p. 138) to the top of (16½ M.) Mt. Washington (5 hrs.; return 3 hrs.; fare \$8; comp. p. 146). Stages also ply to (19 M.) Jackson (4 hrs.; fare \$4; comp. p. 138).

Pleasant drives may also be taken along the S. bank of the Androscoggin to (11 M. to the E.) Gilead Bridge, returning on the Noank by the Lead Mine Bridge (31/2 M. from Gorham; "View); to the N., along the 'Milan Road' to (6 M.) the Berlin Falls (p. 121) and (14 M.) Milan Corner; and W. to (37 M.) the Crassford House (see below) and the White Mt. Notch (see below) via (17 M.) Jefferson, the 'Cherry Mt. Road', the White Mt. House (p. 141), and the Fabyan House (p. 141; splendid views). A grand walk for a good pedestrian would be to ascend Mt. Madison (p. 138) and proceed thence via Mts. Adams and Jefferson (see p. 138) to Mt. Washington (guide necessary; 1-2 days).

Gorham is a station on the Grand Trunk Railway from Portland to Montreal (see p. 121), and on the B. & M. line from Berlin to Whitefield

(comp. p. 133, and see Map, p 134).

d. Crawford House and the Notch.

The *Crawford House (1900 ft.; \$3-41/2 a day, \$171/2-28 a week), one of the most deservedly popular hotels in the White Mts., occupies a solitary site on a small plateau, 1/4 M. above the N. entrance to the White Mt. Notch. The small pool in front of the house is the source of the Saco River, flowing to the S. through the Notch to Maine and the sea, while the Ammonoosuc, also rising close to the hotel, flows N. (and then W.) to the Connecticut. The railway-station (p. 123) is near the hotel. To the W. rises Mt. Tom (p. 140) and to the E. Mt. Clinton (p. 140), while in front, enclosing the Notch, are Mt. Willard (p. 140; r.) and Mt. Webster (p. 140; l.)

The railway route through the *White Mountain Notch (1915ft.)

has been described at p. 123 and affords some of the finest, though most fleeting, views of it. The Notch is seen to greater advantage in descending. The road and river enter the Notch through a rocky *Gateway, 25 ft. wide, while a separate cutting has been made for the railway (above, to the right). To the left is the rock known as the Elephant's Head (*View). Within the Notch various fantastic names have been given to rocks supposed to resemble human faces, etc. About 3/4 M. from the Crawford Ho., to the left, the Flume Cascade descends, in three leaps, from a height of 250 ft.; and 1/4 M. farther on is the graceful *Silver Cascade, with a total fall of 900 ft., of which about 300 ft, are seen from the road. The Willey House (1325 ft.), a small inn 3 M. from the Crawford Ho, and 300 ft. below the railway, was the scene of a terrible disaster in Aug., 1826. The whole Willey family, 9 in number, rushing from the house to escape a land-slip, apparently descending directly upon it, were overtaken and crushed, while the house escaped harm through the splitting of the land-slide by a rock. The Notch proper ends just below the Willey Ho., but it is well worth while to continue the walk or drive to Bemis, whence, if necessary, we may return by railway. At the $(1^{1}/_{4}-1^{1}/_{2} M.)$ Cow or Avalanche Brook (the second brook below the Willey Ho.), we may cross the railway and ascend to the right to (13/4 M.) the *Ripley or Sylvan Glade Falls (110 ft.), about 1 M. above which is the Sparkling Cascade. Continuing to follow the road along the Saco, we reach (2 M.; 61/2 M. from the Crawford Ho.) Bemis Brook, whence an ascent of 1 M. along its course brings us to the picturesque *Arethusa Falls (175 ft.). Bemis (rail, stat., p. 123) is 2 M. farther down. The Mts. to the left at this part of the road are the Giant's Stairs (3423 ft.), Mt. Resolution (3400 ft.), and Mt. Crawford (3100 ft.), while Mt. Nancy (3810 ft.) towers to the right. Drivers may go on from Bemis to (181/2 M.) North Conway (p. 136).

"Mt. Willard (236 ft.), easily ascended by a carriage-road (2M.), crossing railway below the station, commands a splindid View of the Notion for railway below the station, commands as splindid View of the Notion for railway below the station, commands as splindid View of the Notion for the Richard Commands as splindid View of the Notion for the Richard Commands of the Notifice Bon. accessible by ropes only. The Hildhooker Fluore, 350 ft. long and 50 ft. high, is reached by a path to the left, 1/4 M. from the summit.—Ascent of *Ait. Wanhington, see p. 146.—Ascents of Mts. Chindron, see p. 146.—Ascents of Mts. Chindron (2425 ft.), and Monroe (5390 ft.), see p. 146.—The ascents of Mts. Webser (378 ft.), and Mts. Jackson (4012 ft.) and Mts. Pleasand (4780 ft.), are also because by terms, but the first of the Notice of th

path beginning a little t Crawford House).

Pleasant short walks may be taken to (1/M.) Bescher Cascades (path crossing a foot-bridge over the railway and ascending through wood on the left hank of the stream, "Pearl Cascade (1 M.), Buyle Cliff (1/M.), Red Bench (1/M.), view of M. Washington), and the Shaptsiel Pauls (M.), Gibbs Rails (1/E.M.), are reached by turning to the left and ascending through wood and along a brook.

In the height of the season the proprietors of the Crawford Ho and the Fabran Ho. (p 111) make arrangements for the so-called Grand Circuit, by which passengers ascend to the top of Mt. Washington by railway (comp. p. 145), drive from the summit to Glen Station (p. 123), and

return thence by train. Between the Crawford House and (4 M.) Fabran's (p. 141) the road and railway descend 330 ft. (80 ft. ner mile).

e. Fabvan House, Mt. Pleasant House, Twin Mt. House. and Zealand.

The *Fabyan House (1570 ft.; \$3-41/, a day, \$15-28 a week), a large and popular hostelry, stands on the site of the Giant's Grave. a drift-mound on the Ammonoosuc river. 4 M. to the N. of the Crawford House and near the S. base of Mt. Deception (3700 ft.). It commands fine views of the mountains and is the junction of the railway to the top of Mt. Washington (see p. 145; comp. pp. 123, 133).

The "Mt. Pleasant House (\$41/2 a day, from \$21 a week), 1/2 M. to the S.E., has recently been rebuilt on an enlarged and improved scale. Its colf-links are excellent. A bridle-path ascends hence to the top of Mt. Stekney (view). The old "White Mt. House (\$ 202), ½ Mt. to the N.W. (rail. stat., see p. 123] is smaller and cheaper. Both send conveyances to meet

the trains at Fabvan's.

UPPER FALLS OF THE AMMONOUSUC, 31/4 M. We cross the railway in front of the Fabvan House and follow the road to the right (notice about key on gate refers to carriages only). 1/4 hr. (left) Monument to E. A. Crawford, one of the earliest settlers in the White Mts. The *Falls (30-40 ft. high) are picturesque, with their grey granite walls, water-worn basins, and grand mountain-background. — The (11/4 M.) Lower Ammonoosuc Falls are near the White Mt. House. - A road leads from the White Mt. Ho. to a view-point on the S. spur of Mt. Deception (see above).

The Twin Mountain House (1375 ft.; \$3-31/2; rail. stat., p. 123) is pleasantly situated on the Ammonoosuc, 5 M. to the W. of the Fabyan House, but does not command so fine a view. The mountains opposite it are Mt. Hale (4100 ft.; left) and the North Twin (4783 ft.; right), the latter concealing the South Twin (4922 ft.).

The path to the top of the North Twin Mt. is now in good order and marked with sign-boards (3-4 hrs.). The continuation thence to the South

Twin is reported as still easy to follow.

From Zealand (p. 123), 1 M. to the E. of the Twin Mt. Ho., a road leads to (7 M.) Zealand Pond and (9 M.) Thoreau Falls, which descend 200 ft. in ½ M., in the deep valley between Mt. Bond on the right and the Willey Mt. (p. 140) on the left. The narrow-gauge line to Bethlehem and the Profile House (see below) also begins at Zealand, running along the standard-gauge ine to Bethlehem Junction.

f. Bethlehem and Maplewood.

Bethlehem and Maplewood are reached by a short narrow-gauge railway from Bethlehem Junction (comp. p. 123 and above).

The train from Bethlehem Junction (p. 123) soon reaches -

2 M. Maplewood, a small station for a group of hotels and summer cottages. The Maplewood (1490 ft.; \$41/2; 400 guests), one of the handsomest and most fashionable hotels in the White Mts., commands a splendid distant *View of Mt. Washington. Adjacent are the Maplewood Cottage (from \$3 a day and \$101/2 a week) and a Golf Course. Public conveyances run frequently to Bethlehem (10 c.). Mt. Agassiz (p. 142; 2 M.) is ascended by a path beginning behind the