

## Werk

Titel: The United States with an excursion into Mexico

Verlag: Baedeker [u.a.]

Ort: Leipzig [u.a.]

Jahr: 1899

**Kollektion:** Itineraria **Werk Id:** PPN242370497

PURL: http://resolver.sub.uni-goettingen.de/purl?PID=PPN242370497 | LOG\_0231

OPAC: http://opac.sub.uni-goettingen.de/DB=1/PPN?PPN=242370497

# **Terms and Conditions**

The Goettingen State and University Library provides access to digitized documents strictly for noncommercial educational, research and private purposes and makes no warranty with regard to their use for other purposes. Some of our collections are protected by copyright. Publication and/or broadcast in any form (including electronic) requires prior written permission from the Goettingen State- and University Library.

Each copy of any part of this document must contain there Terms and Conditions. With the usage of the library's online system to access or download a digitized document you accept the Terms and Conditions.

Reproductions of material on the web site may not be made for or donated to other repositories, nor may be further reproduced without written permission from the Goettingen State- and University Library.

For reproduction requests and permissions, please contact us. If citing materials, please give proper attribution of the source.

# **Contact**

Niedersächsische Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Göttingen Georg-August-Universität Göttingen Platz der Göttinger Sieben 1 37073 Göttingen Germany Email: gdz@sub.uni-goettingen.de is the junction of lines to Macon, Lula (p. 359), and various other points. — 684 M. Lawrenceville; 701 M. Tucker; 716 M. Howells.

720 M. Atlanta, and thence to — 1216 M. New Orleans, see R. 69a.

### 70. From Salisbury to Asheville and Morristown.

228 M. SOTHERN RAILWAY to (141 M) Asheville in 44,-19½ hrs. (fare \$4.60; sleeper \$2); to (228 M.) Morriston in 7-9 hrs. (fare \$7.30; sleeper \$2). From New York to Asheville in 22 hrs. (fare \$21.45; sleeper \$5)

7-3.) From new two to consense in 2s are, there exist we get the Carolian (Land of the Stry), which may be described as a plateau with an average attitude of 2000 ft. 250 M. long and 25 M. wide, bounded by the Great Smoky Ms. (p. 382) on the W. and by the Buse Ridge (p. 379) on the E. It is crossed by several spurs of the main chain, including the Black, the Baskam, the Flugah, the Covee, and the Nanthalaz ranges. Many of these are higher than the main chains, the Black Ms. alone containing 19 peaks over 6000 ft. in height. The district is watered by numerous rivers that rise in the Blue Ridge and flow with a steep decline and rapid current across this plateau, cutting through the Great Smokies on their way that Tennessee are the chief of these. In this way the country is cross-sectioned into many smaller valleys, affording endies variety of seenery. The fact that even the highest mountains are densely wooded to their tops adds much to the picturesqueness and softens the outlines of the landscape.

Sclisbury, see p. 375. Beyond (26 M.) Statesville (955 ft.) we cross the Catawba. The main Blue Ridge (p. 379) soon comes into sight on the right, while various spurs are seen in the distance to the left. 48 M. Newton (1070 ft.). — 58 M. Hickory (1140 ft.; Hickory Inn. \$2-3. meal 75 c.).

From Hickory a narrow-gauge railway runs to (20 M.) Lenoir (Merchanis' Hotel, \$2), whence a drive of \$4 hrs. brings us to Blowing Rock (Green Arack H.), Bloosing Rock (Bo.) \$2.9/a), 2 M. Trom the famous precisions of the state of the state

To the left, at (79 M.) Morganton (1485 ft.), is the large State Lunatic Asylum. We enter the mountain-district proper at (111 M.) Old Fort (1450 ft.) and ascend abruptly through a romantic gorge, with its rocky mountain-walls overgrown by rhododendrons (in blossom in June). The engineering of the railway here is interesting, with its numerous loops, tunnels, cuttings, and bridges; at one point four sections of the line lie perpendicularly one above the other. At the head of the gorge we thread a long tunnel and reach the plateau of Western North Carolina (see above). 125 M. Black Mt. Station; 139 M. Blutmore (see p. 387).

141 M. Asheville. — HOTELS. \*Battery Park Hotel, on a hill above town, from \$4; \*Kesitleorth Inn, 2 M. from Asheville, near Biltmore, see above, \$5; The Oaks, \$21/2-5; Serwanneas, \$22/2/2, Eerkeley, \$23; Glen Rock, \$22/2. — Electric Tramscay to the station (11/2 M. from the centre of the town) and to the suburbs (6.).

Asheville (2350 ft.), finely situated at the junction of the Swan-

nanoa and the French Broad, is the chief town of the district and is widely known as a health-resort for patients suffering from pulmonary and other ailments, Pop. (1890) 10,235. About 70,000 persons visit Asheville annually, Southerners frequenting it for its compara-tive coolness in summer (mean temp. 72°) and Northerners for its mildness in winter (39°) and spring (53°; chief seasons, July and Aug., Feb. and March). Its climate is dry and bright, and there are usually few days in the year in which out-door exercise is not eniovable. It is said to be pre-eminently suitable for early stages of phthisis, while sufferers from asthma, hav fever, nervous prostration. and the after-effects of fever all derive benefit from a sojourn in Asheville. The environs are full of scenic attractions and offer abundant opportunities for pleasant walks, rides, and drives.

WALKS. Beaumont, 1/2 M. to the E.; grounds open to visitors. — Fernihurst, 11/2 M. to the S., overlooking the junction of the Swannanoa and the French Broad (open daily, Sun. excepted). - Richmond Hill, 21/2M. to the N.W. (always open). - Gouche's Peak (3 M.) and Elk Mt. (5 M.), to to the N. of the town, are fine points of view. — about 2 M. to the S.E. of Asheville, near Billmore station (p. 886), is Billmore, the home of M. George W. Vanderbilt and probably the linest private residence in America. The house, built in the French baronial style by Mr. Richard M. Munt, at a cost of \$4,000,000, stands upon a terrace (700 tt. long by 300 ft. wide and commands magnificent views. It contains much fine tapestry and other works of art. Many miles of beautiful drives have been constructed in the grounds, which have an extent of over 100,000 acres, and they show a wonderfully varied display of trees (views). Visitors are admitted to the grounds on Wed. & Sat., 1-7 p m., by passes obtained at the hotels or at the Biltmore Office, near the entrance-gate (large excursion-parties not admitted). Special passes sometimes issued for other days.

DRIVES. Swannanoa Drive, extending for several miles along the river, the banks of which are thickly wooded and covered with rhododendrons, the banks of Which are thickly wooded and covered with rhododendrons, kaimins, and other wild flowers. — Tableconier Farm, 35 M. to the W.—— (fare 15 c.) —— "Hickory Nut Gap, a heautiful pass where the Broad Kiver penetrates the Blue Bidge, lies 14 M. to the S.E. About 9 M. beyond the entrance to the Gap is the curious Chimney Rock. On the opposite side raises Bald M. (3860 ft.), colebrated in Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's "Esmeralda'. There are two plain hotels not far from Chimney Rock. Other points of interest are the Pools and the Hickory Nut Falls (1300 ft.). - Arden Park (Hotel, \$2), 10 M. to the S.

LONGER EXCURSIONS AND MOUNTAIN ASCENTS. \*Mt. Mitchell (6710 ft.), the highest peak in the United States to the E. of the Rocky Mts., rises in the Black Mts., 18 M. to the E. of Asheville. Its base may be reached by car-riage along the Swannanoa or by railway to Black Mt. Station (p. 386). The ascent (arduous but not dangerous) takes 5 hrs. The "View is very extensive. The night is sometimes spent in a shallow cave near the top. The name is derived from Prof. Elizah Mitchell, who lost his life here in 1827, while determining the height of the mountain, and is buried at the summit.

- "Mr. Piggah (6705 ft.), one of the loftiest peaks near Asheville, lies 18 M. to the S.W. and commands a splendid view of the French Broad 25 M. to the S.W. and commands a splendid view of the French Broad Valley. Accommodation for the night-can be obtained in a farmhouse at the base, and the ascent may be made on horseback in 2 hrs. — Cragry Mt. (6096 ft.), an outlier of the Blue Ridge, 14M to the E, may be ascended on horseback in 2 hrs. (best in June, when hundreds of acres of rhodo-dendrons, kalmias, staleas, and heather may be seen in bloom). — "Cossar's Head (3225 ft.), an outlier of the Blue Ridge, 45 M. to the S.W. of Asherville, may be reached either by carriage the whole way or by train to Hendersonville (p. 388) and carriage thence. On the S. side of the mountain is a precipice 1500 ft. high, overlooking the low country of South Carolina and Georgia for 100 M. At the summit stands a good hotel (\$2). Various

\$2) is the nearest railway-station to (20 M.) Cossor's Ecod. (p. 387). Forther on the train reaches the picturesque "Saluda Gap, where it descends rapidly through a narrow gorge. Fine views (best to the left). Rhododendrons numerous. — 70 M. Spartanburg, see p. 375.

FROM ASHEVILLE TO MURPHY, 124 M., railway in 10-11 hrs. — The line runs towards the S.W. 23 M. Wagnesstile (2755 ft.; White Sulphur Springs Ho., \$2-3) lies amid the Baltam Mis., five of which in the immediate vicinity are cover \$600 ft high. — 36 M. Railway (2011). Destinants. ity are over 6000 ft. high. - 36 M. Balsam (Rail. Restaurant). - 49 M. Dillsborough is one of the nearest railway-stations to Highlands (3815 ft.; \*Davis Ho., \$2; Highland Ho., \$1½, which lies 32 M. to the S. and is the highest village to the E. of the Rocky Mts. It is frequented for its bracing air and charming scenery. — 124 M. Marphy.

Beyond Asheville the Morristown Train runs to the N. through the beautiful valley of the French Broad River. Picturesque scenery

(views to the left), 153 M. Alexander.

179 M. Hot Springs (1325 ft.; \*Mountain Park Hotel, \$ 21/2-5), situated in a beautiful little valley, 1 M. in diameter, surrounded by mountains 3-4000 ft. high, has long been frequented for its hot springs and delightful climate (winter milder than at Asheville). The springs (temp. 84-104°) are efficacious in rheumatism, gout, sciatica, skin and blood affections, and nervous prostration. Pleasant walks may be taken among the hills, but the drives are limited to those up and down the river. Round Top (1840 ft.), to the N., across the river, is easily ascended in 1/2 hr. and commands a good view.

Beyond Hot Springs we cross the French Broad and follow its S. bank. At (184 M.) Paint Rock (1275 ft.) the river forces its way through a gap between the Great Smoky Mis. (left) and the Bald Mts. (right). We enter Tennessee.

At (228 M.) Morristown (Virginia Ho., \$2) we join the line from Washington to Chattanooga (see R. 69b).

### 71. From Richmond to Charleston.

#### a. Via Weldon.

396 M. RAILWAY (Atlantic Coast Line) in 10-14 hrs. (fare \$ 13.15; sleeper \$3) This line forms part of the 'Atlantic Coast Line Route' from New York to Florida (see R. 76a; from New York to Charleston in 191/4-26 hrs.; fare \$21.20, sleeper \$4.50).

Richmond, see p. 366. The train crosses the James and runs towards the S. 8 M. Drewry Bluff (p. 370); 13 M. Chester. Near (23 M.) Petersburg we see remains of the fortifications of the Civil War (see p. 373). Near (76 M.) Pleasant Hill we enter North Carolina. At (84 M.) Weldon (70 ft.) we intersect the Seaboard Air Line from Norfolk (see p. 371). The train now traverses a flat region, clothed with endless pine-ferests. 121 M. Rocky Mount, the