Werk

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Niedersächsische Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Göttingen Georg-August-Universität Göttingen Platz der Göttinger Sieben 1 37073 Göttingen Germany Email: gdz@sub.uni-goettingen.de from Fernandina (p.400) to Tampa. 33 M. Highland; 33 M. Lawtey, with orange-groves and strawberry-farms. At (51 M.) Hampton we cross the railway from Palatka (p. 408) to Macon (p. 397). — 56 M. Waldo (Waldo Ho., \$2) is the junction of a branch-line to Cedar Key (see below).

ReY (see Delow). From Walloo 70 CEDAR Ker, 71 M., reilway in 4½ hrs. — 14 M. Generatillo (Maloo 70 CEDAR Ker, 71 M., reilway in 4½ hrs. — 14 M. Generatillo (Maloo 10, 14 M.) Harrowski (Maloo 10, 14 M.) Live Oak, et a. Exoursions may be made to the Alexane State (Alernately lake and prairie) and other natural curiosities. From Archer a branch line leads through a rich phosphate district to Eagle Mise (Dosphates). — 71 M. Oedar Key (Schlemmer, Paimette, \$2), a town of 400 inhab, lies on small 'key' off the W. coast of Florida and has a harbour which admits vessels of 12 ft. draught. It sarries on a trade in fab, turde, cysters, the Suwmane Eiver, etc. — The Suwmane Eiver, well known from the negro-song of 'The old folks at home' (by S. C. Foster), enters the Guif of Mexico about 15 M. to the N.

At (70 M.) Hawthorne we intersect the line from Palatka to Gainesville (see p. 409). Farther on we skirt Loch Loosa and cross the E. branch of Orange Lake, on the S. shore of which we traverse. for nearly 1 M., the so-called Mammoth Orange Groves, with 70,000 trees, 83 M. Citra. From (98 M.) Silver Springs Junction a branch line runs to (2 M.) Silver Springs (see p. 410). - 101 M. Ocala (Ocala Ho., \$21/9-4; St. Denis, Montezuma, \$2), a thriving little city (4597 inhab. in 1895), in one of the most fertile districts of Florida. Large phosphate beds are worked in the vicinity. Ocala is also a station on the Plant System and the starting-point of a line to Dunnellon (on the Withlacoochee River), Crystal River, and (49 M.) Homosassa, on the Gulf of Mexico. - From (127 M.) Wildwood a line runs to Leesburg, Tavares, Orlando, etc. 135 M. Panasoffkee, at the S. end of the lake of that name. About 4 M. to the N. of (146 M.) St. Catherine (junction of the Plant System) is the spot where Major Dade and his detachment of 110 men were surprised and slain by the Seminoles on Dec. 28th, 1835, only three soldiers escaping alive. - 156 M. Lacoochee is the junction of the Plant System line from Sanford to St. Petersburg (see p. 411). Near (164 M.) Dade City is the pretty Pasadena Lake, with a small hotel on its banks. 189 M. Plant City, see p. 412; 210 M. Ybor City, with large tobacco-factories.

212 M. Tampa, see p. 412.

82. From Jacksonville to Tallahassee, Pensacola, and New Orleans.

614 M. FLORIDA CENTRAL & PENINSULAR R. B. to (208 M.) River Junction in S hrs.; LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. thence to (406 M.) New Orleans in 14-15 hrs. (through-carriages; fare § 19.35; sleeper § 3.50).

Jacksonville, see p. 399. The line runs nearly due W. At (19 M.) Baldwin we cross the line from Fernandina to Tampa and Cedar Key (see R. St b). Beyond (28 M.) Macclenny we cross the S. fork of the St. Mary's Biver. The Confederates defeated the Federals at (47 M.) Olustee on Feb. 20th, 1864. — 60 M. Lake City (Contral Ho., Hale Ho., \$ 2), embosomed in trees, is the seat of the State Agricultural College and a U. S. Experimental Station and the junction of lines to Palatka (p. 408), Gainesville (p. 413), Macon (p. 397), etc. It is surrounded by numerous lakes and lakelets. — At (32 M.) Live Oak, B M. to the N. of which lie Suyance Springs, we intersect the W. coast line of the Plant System (p. 398), and at (95 M.) Ellaville we cross the runsing Suvance River (p. 413). Brond (124 M.) Greenville we cross the Aucilla. From (138 M.) Drifton a line runs N. to (4 M.) Monticello and Thomasville (p. 398). 147 M. Lloyd (Rail.

165 M. Tallahassee (Leon, \$2-3; St. James, \$2), the capital of Florida, is beautifully situated among trees, on a hill rising 280 ft. above the sea. Pop. (1895) 3931. The chief buildings are the Capitol, Court House, and W. Florida Seminary. The gardens are very beautiful, especially in the time of roses. The *Dpiscopal Cemetery* contains the grave of Prince Achille Murat (d. 1847), so nof the King of Naples, who married a Virginian girl and settled near Tallahassee.

ples, who married a virginian girl and sotuled near talianassee. Pleasant drives may be taken to (6 M) Lade Acotson (fishing), Late lamonia (12 M), Late Miccowski (15 M), Bellair (6 M), and the 'Wakulla Spring (15 M to the 8.) The spring (14) M. from Wahulla Station, on the branch line to St. Mark's) is 106 ft. deep and of wonderful transparency. I may also be reached by Doast from St. Mark's (2 frs.). From Tallahassee the CARBASELLE, TALEARSEE, & GEORGIA BAILWAF russ to the S.V. to (15 M). Lamork Linark line, 320, a popular resort on

From Tallshasses the CAREASELLE, TALLAISSEE, & GEORGIA EALINAT runs to the S.W. to (45 M.) Lanaré Linark Inn, 82), a popular resort on the Gulf of Maxico, and (50 M.) Carrabelle (Fowler Ho., 82), a port with fabing and lumber interests. — From Carrabelle steamers ply to (30 M.) Apalashicola (Fuller, Carrai, 82) Brit, vice-consul, Mr. H. L. Grady), another fishing and lumbering port, with (1835) 3061 inhab., at the mouth of the Apalachicola River.

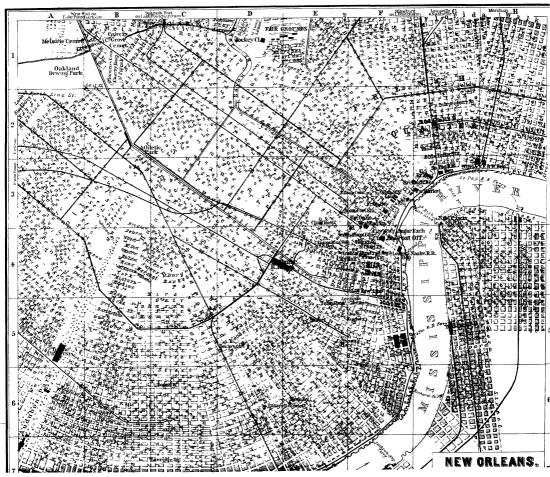
About 2 M. beyond Tallahassee the *Murat Homestead* (see above) is visible to the right. We cross the *Ocklockonee River*. Magnolias grow here in great profusion. 189 M. *Quiney*, with tobacco-plantations.

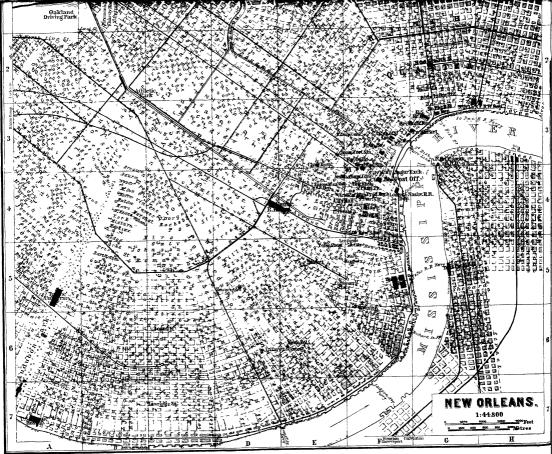
At (208 M.) River Junction, on the Applachicola River (see above; curious railway-station, erected on trestle-work above the river), we join the Louisville & Nashville R. R. Connection is also made here with the Apalachicola River steamers. Our train crosses a long trestle over the Apalachicola, formed by the junction of the Flint and Chattahoochee, 2 M. above. — 234 M. Marianna, on the Chipola. 290 M. De Funiak Springs (Chautanqua, \$3). Beyond (319 M.) Crestvice we cross Shoal River. 349 M. Milton lies at the head of Blackwater Bay. About 10 M. farther on we cross Escambia Bay by a trestle 3M. hong. Fine marine views to the left.

369 M. Pensacola (Escambia, $\$^{24}_{I_{22}}$: Merchants', $\$^{20}_{I_{22}}$: Brit, vice-consul, Mr. O. C. Howe), on the bay of the same name, 10 M. from the Guilf of Mexico, was founded by the Spaniards in 1696 and has (1895) 14,084 inhab., a brisk trade in fish and timber, and a luege grain elevator (capacity 500,000 bushels), crected in 1897-98.

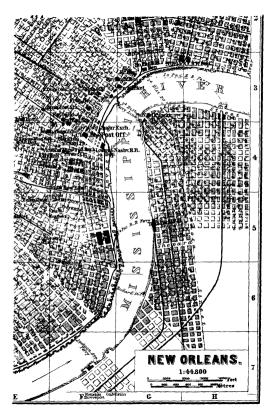


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Wagner & Debes Geog? Estab Leipzig.



The ruins of Forts St. Michael and St. Bernard date partly from the Spanish period.

Visits may be made (small steamer) to the Navy Yard, Fl. McRae, Ft. Barancas, and Ft. Fickens (Santa Rosa Island). Steamers also ply to European ports.

The train now runs to the N., along the Escambia River, and enters Alabama shortly before reaching (413 M.) Flomaton. From Flomaton to (472 M.) Mobile and -

614 M. New Orleans, see R. 69a.

83. New Orleans.

Hotels. "New Sr. CHARLES (PL b; F, 4), St. Charles St., from 5 4; HUTEL ROTAL (PL a; F, 3), St. LOUIS SL, E. F.; DENCEAUX (PL c; F, 4), at the corner of Perdido and Carondelet Sts.; GRUSNWALD (PL c; F, 4), Baronne St., near Canal St., from 3; B. From 5 1, COSENOUTAY (PL c; F, 4), Bourbon and Royal Sts., near Canal St., R. from 5 11/2 — BOARDNSC Pourse above of the Direct Andrews, and the numerous phasical and constrained and the state of the style. During the Carnival (p. 446) a special bureau is established for giving information about lodgings.

giving information about lodgings. Restaurants. Moreau, Canal St.; Fabacher, 137 Royal St.; Leon, St. Charles St.; Denechand, S Caronadelet St. (see above); Fictor, 200 Bourbon St.; Cosmopolitan, 121 Royal St.; Louistana, 711 Custonhouses St.; Datadi, Camp St.; Adacias, 65 St.; Louistana, 711 Custonhouses St.; Datadi, Camp St.; Adacias, 65 St.; Joint St.; Adacias, 7 mar. The Cust Pick (Pl. C. 1); Cristiana Women's Exchange, 1 South St. - Cafds abound in the French Quarter. - The markets of New Orleans are singularly well stocked with game, fish, fruit, and vegetables, and its restaurants have a good reputation. Among the Creole dishes for which New Orleans is famous is Gumbo, a kind of thick vegetables soup.

Electric Transways traverse the city in all directions (fare 6.). Carrages solut \$1 per hour; from the railway-stations to the holes! 50 e. each person. - Omnibuses meet the principal trains (25 c). - Ferries ply to Algiers, Gouldsoreuzh, and Gretna, on the opposite side of the Mississippi - Steamers ply to all points on the Mississippi (comp. R. 65), Ohio, and Missouri, and to New Fork, Boston, Key West, Havana, Yera Cruz, Liverpool, Bromen, and many other American and European ports. Railway Stations. Louisentie de Nacheville (P. R. 4), on the Levce; Paroo & Mississippi Valley (Pl. E, 4); Illinois Central (Pl. D, E, 4); New Orleans & Morin Eastern (Guesen & Orescanic; Pl. 6, H., 3), on the Levce; New

Railway Stations. Louissille & Nasheille (PI. F. 4), on the Levee; Naco & Missimpry Valley (PI. E. 4); Illinois Control (PI. D. E. 4); New Orleans & North Eastern (Queen & Orescent; PI. G. H. 3), on the Levee; New Orleans & Scuthern (PI. G. 2), Elysian Fields, Scuthern Pacyfic (PI. G. 3), Texas & Pacyfic (PI. F. 5), on the Levee, with ferries across the river; Porl Jackson (PI. G. 3, 4), on the W. bank; West End, Spanish Fort, and Old Lake Stations (PI. F. 5], and G. 2, 3), for local lines to Lake Pontchaptrain (O. 49).

Charteniu (p. 2007).
Places of Amusement. French Opera House (Pl. F, 3), corner of Bourbon and Toulouse Sts. (2000 seats); Academy of Music (Pl. F, 4), St. Charles St., Grand Opera House (Pl. F, 3), Canal St.; Greecent Theatre, Tukane Theatre, Barconne St. - Comp. p. 419.

British Consul, A. G. Vansittart, 141 Carondelet St.; vice-consul, J. Donnelly.

Post Office (Pl. F, 4), Canal St., open 6.30 a.m. to 7 p.m., Sun. 9-12.

New Orleans, the chief city of Louisiana, the eleventh city of the United States, and the largest to the S. of St. Louis, is situated on the *Mississippi*, 106 M. above its mouth in the Gulf of Mexico.⁻ The great bulk of the city lies on the left bank of the river, which is here $1/_{4-1}/g$ M. wide and makes the bend from which New Orleans