

Werk

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XXII. Flos mali.

Plosam hanc & flavam lineis obliquis rotundis exornatam erucam in malo deprehendi, caput habebat fuscum, ac retrò illud cærulea duo, ac quolibet in membro duo rosea coralliola, eodem colore tincti sure pediculi, utrumque latus suscis pilorum fasciculis protuberavit, in Julii principio deponebat exuvias, telam persoratam texebat flavam piscium reti similem, & in aureliam hepatici coloris immutabatur, per totum corpus pilorum fasciculis obsitam, ac inferiùs in apice nodulo signatam, tacta tam violento motu agitabatur, ut diversis vicibus sursum deorsumque volveretur; quatuordecim diebus elapsis inde nigricans albicansque phalænula prodiit, rubicunda duo cornula lata protendens, pennigera, & retrò caput intercornula rubram gestans lineam, celer erat, vespere volitans.

XXIII. Vitis florens.

A Mbæ prægrandes hæ erucæ sunt ejustem generis, colore solummodò differentes, superior enim susco, sed inferior viridi colore tincta est, utraque punctis lineisque nigris & albis exornatur, de vite pabulum sumunt, pascentes, quiescentibus tertiario longiores amplè extenduntur, harum excrementa ex obscuro viridia quinque formant angulos, anguli tamen rotundi bacellulos in fasciculum compositos repræsentant, quemadmodùm pro faciliori intelligentia inseriori erucæ appicta conspicis.

Ex animadverso jam habui, viridium erucarum aliquas humi Stratas, in sese compendiosissimè convolutas suisse, unde paulò post sex acari prodierunt, hi mutabantur in susca doliola, exindè vero ex obscuro cæruleæ lineis nigris virgatæ muscæ fuerunt eductæ, oculos habentes rubicundos, alasque vitri

more perspicuas.

Eruca fusca in medio Julii suscam in aureliam immutabatur ac ità transfigurata in sequentis anni mensem usque majum permansit, ubi sormosa phalæna prodiit, cujus caput, corpus, ac alæ superiores eleganti roseo colore tinetæ, lineis maculisque, psit-

psittacorum adinstar, viridibus exornatæ sunt, alarum inserior utraque macula nigra signata est, oculos habet subslavescentes, in anteriori parte capitis inter cornula longa tenui proboscide, quam compendiose componere, & sub capite recondere novit, instructa est, ad pabulum attrahendum. Hæcce jure merito omnium notatu dignissima meo judicio metamorphosis habenda est.

XXIV. Tilia florens.

Agnæ ac elegantes in tiliis erucæ reperiuntur, quarum hic inferiùs una exhibetur, tinctæ sunt hepatico colore, punctis albicantibus per dorsum notatæ, ab inferiori corporis parte flavæ, in posteriore membro cæruleum prostat cornulum, & à retrò flava macula conspicitur, quietæ sunt ac inertes, tactæ tamen velut irâ concitatæ capite hùc illùc validè feriunt, plenam accretionem nactæ deponunt exuvias, ac in aurelias nigras immutantur, hæ velut exanimes in sequentis anni mensem usque majum jacent, unde tandem ingens slava viridi colore maculata phalæna vespere volitans educitur.

XXV. Convolvulus minor purpureus.

Rarissimum est ingens hocce erucarum genus, in agris plerumquè morantur, & hujusce lolii radicibus aluntur, è lucido susco colore tinctæ, lineis, maculisque susci variegatæ sunt, excrementa relatis in figura 23. correspondent; sub sinem Julii hujusmodi erucam scatulæ terrà repletæ incluseram, in hac rotundam sibi profundamque sovebat soveam, hanc, ingressa, cavitatem soliis obtegebat, ac in aureliam ab antè viridem, & à retrò slavam sequenti tamen die susco colore variatam, oculos & inter eos proboscidem, referentem immutabatur, validè movebatur, Septembre magnam in phalænam transsignrata suit, cujus corpus anterius alæque cinericeæ nigro colore mirisicè suerant condecoratæ, alis litteræ B. C. V. & M. charactere romano perspicuè erant insculptæ, ab anteriori parte capitis longà proboscide suscà munita est, quæ simplex à capite oriunda post in duas utrinque crispatas divaricabatur,